

LCOV - code coverage report

Current view: [directory](#) - [fs/ext4](#) - [file.c](#) ([source](#) / [functions](#))

Test: [kernel_2_6_31_ext4_round_3.info](#)

Date: [2009-10-24](#)

	Found	Hit	Coverage
Lines:	56	43	76.8
Functions:	4	4	100.0

```
1      : /*
2      : *   linux/fs/ext4/file.c
3      : *
4      : * Copyright (C) 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995
5      : * Remy Card (card@masi.ibp.fr)
6      : * Laboratoire MASI - Institut Blaise Pascal
7      : * Universite Pierre et Marie Curie (Paris VI)
8      : *
9      : *   from
10     : *
11     : *   linux/fs/minix/file.c
12     : *
13     : * Copyright (C) 1991, 1992   Linus Torvalds
14     : *
15     : *   ext4 fs regular file handling primitives
16     : *
17     : *   64-bit file support on 64-bit platforms by Jakub Jelinek
18     : *       (jj@sunsite.ms.mff.cuni.cz)
19     : */
20
21     : #include <linux/time.h>
22     : #include <linux/fs.h>
23     : #include <linux/jbd2.h>
24     : #include <linux/mount.h>
25     : #include <linux/path.h>
26     : #include "ext4.h"
27     : #include "ext4_jbd2.h"
28     : #include "xattr.h"
29     : #include "acl.h"
30
31     : /*
32     : * Called when an inode is released. Note that this is different
33     : * from ext4_file_open: open gets called at every open, but release
34     : * gets called only when /all/ the files are closed.
35     : */
36     : static int ext4_release_file(struct inode *inode, struct file *filp)
37 48975276 : {
38 48975276 :     if (EXT4_I(inode)->i_state & EXT4_STATE_DA_ALLOC_CLOSE) {
39 0 :         ext4_alloc_da_blocks(inode);
40 0 :         EXT4_I(inode)->i_state &= ~EXT4_STATE_DA_ALLOC_CLOSE;
41 :     }
42 :     /* if we are the last writer on the inode, drop the block reservation */
43 102474257 :     if ((filp->f_mode & FMODE_WRITE) &&
44 :         (atomic_read(&inode->i_writecount) == 1) &&
45 :         !EXT4_I(inode)->i_reserved_data_blocks)
46 :     {
47 11920808 :         down_write(&EXT4_I(inode)->i_data_sem);
48 11864707 :         ext4_discard_preallocations(inode);
49 11902402 :         up_write(&EXT4_I(inode)->i_data_sem);
50 :     }
51 147433956 :     if (is_dx(inode) && filp->private_data)
52 0 :         ext4_htree_free_dir_info(filp->private_data);
53 :
54 49144652 :     return 0;
55 : }
56 :
57 : static ssize_t
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58         : ext4_file_write(struct kiocb *iocb, const struct iovec *iov,
59         :                 unsigned long nr_segs, loff_t pos)
60     564349814 : {
61     564349814 :     struct file *file = iocb->ki_filp;
62     564349814 :     struct inode *inode = file->f_path.dentry->d_inode;
63         :     ssize_t ret;
64         :     int err;
65         :
66         :     /*
67         :      * If we have encountered a bitmap-format file, the size limit
68         :      * is smaller than s_maxbytes, which is for extent-mapped files.
69         :      */
70         :
71     564349814 :     if (!(EXT4_I(inode)->i_flags & EXT4_EXTENTS_FL)) {
72         1411588 :         struct ext4_sb_info *sbi = EXT4_SB(inode->i_sb);
73         705794 :         size_t length = iov_length(iov, nr_segs);
74         :
75         705794 :         if (pos > sbi->s_bitmap_maxbytes)
76         0 :             return -EFBIG;
77         :
78         705794 :         if (pos + length > sbi->s_bitmap_maxbytes) {
79         0 :             nr_segs = iov_shorten((struct iovec *)iov, nr_segs,
80         :                               sbi->s_bitmap_maxbytes - pos);
81         :         }
82         :     }
83         :
84     564349814 :     ret = generic_file_aio_write(iocb, iov, nr_segs, pos);
85         :     /*
86         :      * Skip flushing if there was an error, or if nothing was written.
87         :      */
88     564296702 :     if (ret <= 0)
89         2 :         return ret;
90         :
91         :     /*
92         :      * If the inode is IS_SYNC, or is O_SYNC and we are doing data
93         :      * journalling then we need to make sure that we force the transaction
94         :      * to disk to keep all metadata uptodate synchronously.
95         :      */
96     564296700 :     if (file->f_flags & O_SYNC) {
97         :         /*
98         :          * If we are non-data-journaled, then the dirty data has
99         :          * already been flushed to backing store by generic_osync_inode,
100        :          * and the inode has been flushed too if there have been any
101        :          * modifications other than mere timestamp updates.
102        :          *
103        :          * Open question --- do we care about flushing timestamps too
104        :          * if the inode is IS_SYNC?
105        :          */
106        0 :         if (!ext4_should_journal_data(inode))
107        0 :             return ret;
108        :
109        :         goto force_commit;
110        :     }
111        :
112        :     /*
113        :      * So we know that there has been no forced data flush. If the inode
114        :      * is marked IS_SYNC, we need to force one ourselves.
115        :      */
116     564296700 :     if (!IS_SYNC(inode))
117     564319484 :         return ret;
118        :
119        :     /*
120        :      * Open question #2 --- should we force data to disk here too? If we
121        :      * don't, the only impact is that data=writeback filesystems won't
122        :      * flush data to disk automatically on IS_SYNC, only metadata (but
123        :      * historically, that is what ext2 has done.)
124        :      */
125        :
126        0 :     force_commit:
127        0 :     err = ext4_force_commit(inode->i_sb);
128        0 :     if (err)

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129         0 :         return err;
130         0 :         return ret;
131     :     }
132     :
133     : static struct vm_operations_struct ext4_file_vm_ops = {
134     :         .fault          = filemap_fault,
135     :         .page_mkwrite   = ext4_page_mkwrite,
136     :     };
137     :
138     : static int ext4_file_mmap(struct file *file, struct vm_area_struct *vma)
139     2 : {
140     2 :     struct address_space *mapping = file->f_mapping;
141     :
142     2 :     if (!mapping->a_ops->readpage)
143     0 :         return -ENOEXEC;
144     :     file_accessed(file);
145     2 :     vma->vm_ops = &ext4_file_vm_ops;
146     2 :     vma->vm_flags |= VM_CAN_NONLINEAR;
147     2 :     return 0;
148     : }
149     :
150     : static int ext4_file_open(struct inode * inode, struct file * filp)
151     48757716 : {
152     48757716 :     struct super_block *sb = inode->i_sb;
153     97515432 :     struct ext4_sb_info *sbi = EXT4_SB(inode->i_sb);
154     48757716 :     struct vfsmount *mnt = filp->f_path.mnt;
155     :     struct path path;
156     :     char buf[64], *cp;
157     :
158     48757716 :     if (unlikely(!(sbi->s_mount_flags & EXT4_MF_MNTDIR_SAMPLED) &&
159     :                 !(sb->s_flags & MS_RDONLY))) {
160     74 :         sbi->s_mount_flags |= EXT4_MF_MNTDIR_SAMPLED;
161     :         /*
162     :          * Sample where the filesystem has been mounted and
163     :          * store it in the superblock for sysadmin convenience
164     :          * when trying to sort through large numbers of block
165     :          * devices or filesystem images.
166     :          */
167     :         memset(buf, 0, sizeof(buf));
168     74 :         path.mnt = mnt->mnt_parent;
169     74 :         path.dentry = mnt->mnt_mountpoint;
170     74 :         path_get(&path);
171     74 :         cp = d_path(&path, buf, sizeof(buf));
172     74 :         path_put(&path);
173     74 :         if (!IS_ERR(cp)) {
174     74 :             memcpy(sbi->s_es->s_last_mounted, cp,
175     :                 sizeof(sbi->s_es->s_last_mounted));
176     74 :             sb->s_dirt = 1;
177     :         }
178     :     }
179     48745975 :     return generic_file_open(inode, filp);
180     : }
181     :
182     : const struct file_operations ext4_file_operations = {
183     :     .llseek      = generic_file_llseek,
184     :     .read        = do_sync_read,
185     :     .write       = do_sync_write,
186     :     .aio_read    = generic_file_aio_read,
187     :     .aio_write   = ext4_file_write,
188     :     .unlocked_ioctl = ext4_ioctl,
189     :     #ifdef CONFIG_COMPAT
190     :     .compat_ioctl = ext4_compat_ioctl,
191     :     #endif
192     :     .mmap        = ext4_file_mmap,
193     :     .open        = ext4_file_open,
194     :     .release     = ext4_release_file,
195     :     .fsync       = ext4_sync_file,
196     :     .splice_read  = generic_file_splice_read,
197     :     .splice_write = generic_file_splice_write,
198     : };
199     :

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```
200 : const struct inode_operations ext4_file_inode_operations = {
201 :     .truncate      = ext4_truncate,
202 :     .setattr       = ext4_setattr,
203 :     .getattr       = ext4_getattr,
204 :     #ifdef CONFIG_EXT4_FS_XATTR
205 :     .setxattr      = generic_setxattr,
206 :     .getxattr      = generic_getxattr,
207 :     .listxattr     = ext4_listxattr,
208 :     .removexattr   = generic_removexattr,
209 :     #endif
210 :     .permission    = ext4_permission,
211 :     .fallocate     = ext4_fallocate,
212 :     .fiemap        = ext4_fiemap,
213 : };
214 :
```

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